

DEHYDROCOUPLING OF SILANES WITH ALCOXYARENES AND AMINES CATALYZED BY RARE-EARTH METAL ALKYL COMPLEXES WITH N,N,O-HETEROSCORPIONATE LIGANDS

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Catalytic dehydrocoupling of hydrosilanes is an efficient and atom-economical method for obtaining silicon compounds as an alternative to traditional methods based on the use of chlorinated compounds¹. In this regard, the development of new stable catalysts based on alkyl complexes of lanthanoids for dehydrocoupling reaction of hydrosilanes with arenes and amines represents a relevant challenge.

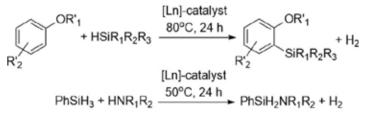


Figure 1. Dehydrocoupling reaction of hydrosilanes with arenes and amines

 $Pzl^{Me2}_{2}CP(=O)iPr_{2}$ ($Pzl^{Me2} - 3,5$ -dimethylpyrazole) was successfully used for the synthesis of bis(alkyl) complexes of yttrium, lutetium, and erbium.

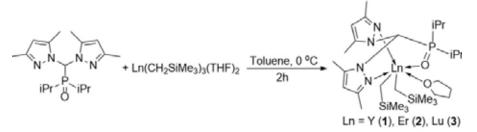


Figure 2. Synthesis of bis(alkyl) complexes of rare-earth elements

Cationic alkyl complexes, generated *in situ* by the reaction of equimolar amounts of compounds **1-3** with $[Ph_3C][B(C_6F_5)_4]$, have demonstrated significant catalytic activity in the dehydrocoupling of alkoxyarenes with various hydrosilanes (PhSiH₃, Ph₂SiH₂, PhMeSiH₂, Ph₃SiH, Et₃SiH), selectively forming silvlation products in the *ortho* position of the benzene ring. Additionally, complexes **1-3** have shown efficacy in the dehydrocoupling of PhSiH₃ with amines (C₄H₉NH₂, C₆H₁₁NH₂, C₆H₅NH₂, C₆H₅NHCH₃, (CH3)₂CHNH₂), leading to the selective formation of silazanes.

References

1. C. Cheng, J. F. Hartwig, Chem. Rev. 2015, 115, 8946.

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